## WHEN IS A Lamb Chop MORE THAN A Lamb Chop Retail Value of a Market Animal

## Let's Examine a 140 Pound Lamb

Average dressing percentage for lamb $=55 \%$
(carcass weight/live weight) $\times 100=$ dressing percentage
$140 \mathrm{lbs} \times 55 \%=77 \mathrm{lbs}$
Loss from cutting and trimming $\approx 25 \%$ $77 \mathrm{lbs} \times 75 \%=57.75 \mathrm{lbs}$ of meat

Let's Break That Down into Primal Cuts

|  | \% Cut Out Weight | Lbs. from Primal Cuts | Average \$/lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rib | $15 \%$ | 8.66 lbs. | $\$ 16.52$ |
| Loin | $21 \%$ | 12.13 lbs. | $\$ 10.76$ |
| Leg | $33 \%$ | 19.06 lbs. | $\$ 7.32$ |
| Shoulder | $23 \%$ | 13.28 lbs. | $\$ 7.38$ |
| Other | $8 \%$ | 4.62 lbs. | $\$ 8.52$ |



Total $=\$ 601.95$


Total $=\$ 369.50$
*Average $\$$ per pound from U.S. quarterly lamb report - USDA.
*To find lbs. from primal cuts, \% cut out weight is multiplied by 57.75 lbs .
*To find $\$$ per primal cut average, $\$ / \mathrm{lbs}$. is multiplied by lbs. from primal cuts.

